Safer Recruiting – interim guidance from 10th September 2012

This Guidance relates to Appendices 1 and 2 to the Church of England interim guidance *Safeguarding Guidelines relating to Safer Recruitment* 2010, on which the Diocesan procedures are based.

Appendices 1 and 2 of the C of E policy are withdrawn.

Appendix 1 – a replacement is provided here.

Appendix 2 – the replacement awaits final Government changes in 2013.

Note: this is interim guidance. The Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 is extremely complex and it is taking time for the necessary Government guidance to be clarified. Confirmation of the final position will be provided in 2013 following implementation of the final round of changes arising from the Act. At that stage, the final version of the Safer Recruitment / Recruiting Safely policies will be produced.

New eligibility for Criminal Record checks - the changes and what they mean for the Church

1. The Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 changes some of the arrangements for Criminal Record checks. It follows on the Government's intention to reduce the need for Criminal Records checks and to scale them back to what they describe as 'common sense levels'. The new Government guidance includes new definitions of what is called 'Regulated Activity'. Regulated Activity is different for work with children and adults. Some of the changes come into force on 10th September 2012, so this document outlines what needs to happen from then. All other provisions within both churches' interim policies still apply, until the final set of changes which the Government has currently timetabled for Spring 2013. This is why this is interim guidance.

Note: for those who want more detail about anything written here, please see the monthly Information sheets (May – August 2012) by the Church of England and Methodist Church safeguarding team – on both church web sites.

- 2. Safer recruitment measures and safer working practices (as outlined in both policies) become even more important now that access to Criminal Record checks and barring information has been narrowed. In addition, most people who represent a risk to children or adults will have nothing recorded on their criminal record. The safest way forward is to recruit and appoint all those who will work directly with children or adults using the twin polices of the Church of England and the Methodist Church. This includes volunteers. Following appointment, good practice should always be followed. (For instance, see the Church of England's Protecting All God's Children Appendix A5 and the Methodist Church Safeguarding Children & Young People Appendix D, which both provide guidance on safer working practice.)
- **3. Barring**. The Independent Safeguarding Authority (ISA) makes decisions about barring individuals who are reported to them as representing a possible risk. The Criminal Records Bureau (CRB) provides access to criminal record information through its checking service. The CRB and ISA are to combine from 1st December

2012 to form the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS). The requirement on all organisations to notify ISA / DBS when someone is dismissed for safeguarding reasons continues.

- 4. Enhanced Criminal Record checks. There will be two types of enhanced check (also known as a disclosure). An 'Enhanced Criminal Record plus Barred List Check' discloses whether the individual is barred from Regulated Activity with children / vulnerable adults, as well as the convictions / cautions and other relevant information. This is only available for those in Regulated Activity (as defined in the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012.) The second type of Enhanced Check provides information about convictions / cautions and other relevant information but NOT whether a person is barred from Regulated Activity, (although the decision which led to a bar may be provided by the police if the police deem it relevant for the role in question).
- 5. Minimum age for Criminal Record Checks. Criminal record checks are now restricted to those aged 16 or over. Countersignatories will have to be aged 18 years or over.
- **6. Portability.** This is the term employed by the Government for using a Criminal Record disclosure obtained in one role, for a different role sometimes with a different employer or organisation. This guidance can only be finalised following the implementation of new Government arrangements in 2013 when new arrangements for portability may be available. Meanwhile, the interim guidance is set out here:

There can be some portability of a criminal record disclosure within the Church as follows:

- anyone applying for a further role within the same church does not require a second criminal record check, if the work is with the same group – i.e. still with children or still with vulnerable adults.
- Where someone wishes to work/volunteer in a role with a different group (for example, someone who has volunteered at a youth club now offering to work as a driver for a housebound adults scheme) then a second criminal record check is required.

To accept a pre-existing criminal record disclosure from a body outside the church, the following requirements must be met:

- The disclosure must be completely clear (i.e. no record of cautions, convictions or further information.)
- It is less than 2 years old.
- It is at Enhanced level and for a similar position.
- The applicant's identity is verified.
- The applicant is still in the post or job for which the disclosure was obtained.
- A reference from the previous employer or appointer is obtained to ensure that the applicant was appointed following receipt of the disclosure.
- The issue date and serial number of the disclosure is recorded together with the applicant's name and date of birth.
- A Confidential Declaration Form must be completed.

There are some circumstances where a new criminal record check should always be made:

- where a person applies for an employed position working with children or vulnerable adults, and
- where a person is candidating for the ministry (Methodist Church) or seeking
 ordination training (Church of England) then a new criminal record check is always
 required. Note once accepted for training, there is no requirement for the training
 institution to do a new criminal record check where the one obtained for at the stage
 of candidating / seeking training can be provided.

7. Vulnerable Adults.

7a) Regulated Activity (adults) – Eligibility for Enhanced Criminal Record plus Barred List check.

The Regulated Activity definition has been changed and tightened. In future, Regulated Activity for adults will be defined by the role and not by the characteristics of the recipient – i.e. their type or level of vulnerability. Within a Church setting, those undertaking Regulated Activity with adults will be limited to the small number of roles where the person concerned is involved in the activities set out below. Differing from the children's definition, there is no frequency test for these activities. If the worker is expected to do them as part of their role at any point, then the role becomes Regulated Activity. An Enhanced Criminal Record plus Barred List check must be applied for.

Apart from the work of health or social work professionals, the activities are:

- help with washing/dressing; eating/drinking; toileting; or teaching someone to do one
 of these tasks.
- help with a person's cash, bills or shopping because of their age, illness or disability.
 (A good example is helping someone pay a household bill. Posting the letter for the housebound person is <u>not</u> Regulated Activity but taking the money from them to take and pay at the PO counter <u>is</u> Regulated Activity. This would not usually be part of any church role but is included here for the small minority of exceptional occasions.)
- helping someone in the conduct of their affairs (for example, a Power of Attorney for someone who is not a relative or friend. This would be very unlikely in a church context).
- driving someone (because of their age, illness or disability) to/from places in order to receive health, personal or social care. (Note: not as family or friend but as part of the church role.)

7b) Eligibility for an Enhanced Criminal Record check (without Barred information).

Where a worker has a significant level of involvement through their work with adults who are in need or at risk because of age, Illness, disability or factors arising from social exclusion (and we recognise that the need or risk may be temporary or permanent) then an Enhanced Criminal Record check should be carried out.

8. Children and young people.

8a) Regulated Activity (children) – Eligibility for Enhanced Criminal Record plus Barred List check.

To obtain an Enhanced Criminal Record plus Barred List check when working with children and young people, the <u>Supervision</u> and <u>Frequency</u> criteria must be met: <u>Supervision</u>. The question of whether or not a worker (or volunteer) is supervised is important. The Government has not provided a formal definition, but rather left it to each organisation to implement its own definition. In most church situations, one worker will not be acting as the formal supervisor of another worker. The more usual pattern would be for people to co-work. It is also important to recognise the definition of supervision. On an interim basis (until Spring 2013) the church defines supervised activity as:

Activity where the supervisor – who has him / herself been safely recruited - is always able to see the supervised worker's actions during his / her work.

Where you are uncertain whether this level of monitoring can be maintained Continuously – for example, ensuring cover for all holidays and sickness absence by the supervisor then the role is <u>not</u> a supervised position and therefore remains Regulated Activity.

<u>Frequency</u> is defined as where the activity meets one or more of the following: Frequently - at least once a week; Intensively - 4 days in a 30 day period; Overnight - between the hours of 2am and 6am.

8b) Eligibility for an Enhanced Criminal Record check (without Barred information). This is available in relation to those with significant contact through their work. The threshold frequently quoted by Government is that the level of Contact should be greater than the sort of casual contact with a local shopkeeper.

APPENDIX 1

TABLE 1 Clergy (Church of England), Ministers (Methodist)

No change: all should be subject to current safer recruitment guidance and all will be eligible for an Enhanced Criminal Record plus Barred List Check.

Role	Safer Recruitment?	Enhanced Check?	Enhanced Plus Barred List Check Yes for all - tick boxes 64 and 65 on criminal record application form
C of E roles			
Archbishop, Bishop, Dean, Archdeacon	✓	✓	✓
Ordained and licensed clergy - stipendiary parish clergy -SSM and NSM clergy - chaplains - local ordained clergy - 'Permission to Officiate' clergy	✓	✓	✓
Seeking ordination training or ordination (NB extra check not needed when first at college after acceptance for training.) Methodist roles	✓	√	✓
Ordained presbyter	✓	✓	✓
Ordained deacon	✓	✓	✓
Those candidating for ministry	✓	✓	✓
Probationer presbyters and deacons	✓	✓	✓

TABLE 2 Working with children / young people (see section 8 above)

Little change: All should be subject to current safer recruitment guidance.

All will be eligible for an Enhanced Criminal Record Check (without Barred Information). Most will be eligible for an Enhanced Criminal Record plus Barred List Check – provided that they are not supervised and meet the frequency standard.

As this is interim guidance the lists set out here indicate the most likely position. Where an individual situation does not fit this norm, you should seek advice. This is available from (Church of England) the diocesan safeguarding adviser or the criminal record manager within diocesan office and (Methodist) the district safeguarding officer or Churches' Agency for Safeguarding.

Role	Safer Recruitment?	Enhanced Check? If significant contact	Enhanced Plus? If yes, tick box 64 on application form
Youth worker (employee / volunteer)	✓	✓	Usually ✓ but decide based on Supervision and frequency -see section 8 above
Children's worker (employee / volunteer)	✓	✓	Usually ✓ but decide based on Supervision and frequency -see section 8.
Family workers (with assumption that work done separately with children)	✓	✓	Usually ✓ but decide based on Supervision and frequency -see section 8
Managers of youth, children's, family workers	✓	✓	If ticked for the worker then ✓ for manager
Bell ringers who teach/train – the adults who train / teach children plus the Tower Captains who manage those adults	✓	✓	Usually ✓ but decide based on Supervision and frequency -see section 8
Music leader where the choir / musical group is mainly with children or young people	✓	✓	Usually ✓ but decide based on Supervision and frequency -see section 8
Server (C of E) – when the role includes supervision or training of children <18	✓	✓	Usually ✓ but decide based on Supervision and frequency -see section 8

Caretaker - only where the role includes teaching, training, supervising or caring for children <18	✓	√	Usually ✓ but decide based on Supervision and frequency -see section 8
Leader of Parent & Toddler Groups – only where children are cared for away from the parents at any stage.	✓	√	Usually ✓ but decide based on Supervision and frequency -see section 8
Drivers for young people or children's activities organised by the church	✓	✓	Usually ✓ but decide based on Supervision and frequency -see section 8

TABLE 3 - Working with adults (see section 7 above)

Some change: All should be subject to current safer recruitment guidance. Most will be eligible for an Enhanced Criminal Record Check (without Barred Information). Some will be eligible for an Enhanced Criminal Record plus Barred List Check. Much greater need for individual decision-making.

As this is interim guidance the lists set out here indicate the most likely position. Where an individual situation does not fit this norm, you should seek advice. This is available from (Church of England) the diocesan safeguarding adviser or the criminal record manager within diocesan office and (Methodist) the district safeguarding officer or Churches' Agency for Safeguarding.

Role	Safer Recruitment?	Enhanced check? If significant contact with vulnerable adults	Enhanced Plus? If yes, tick box 64 on application form
Licensed evangelists	✓	✓	Unlikely – individual decision needs to be based on the specific activity.
Readers licensed by Bishop	✓	✓	Unlikely – individual decision needs to be based on the specific activity.
Local preachers and worship leaders (see detailed position 8.28-30 Recruiting Safely, which remains unchanged.)	✓	✓	Unlikely – individual decision needs to be based on the specific activity.

Pastoral assistants	✓	✓	Unlikely – individual decision needs to be based on the specific activity.
Lay ministers	√	✓	Unlikely – individual decision needs to be based on the specific activity.
Home visitors	✓	✓	Unlikely – individual decision needs to be based on the specific activity.
Pastoral visitors	~	✓	Unlikely – individual decision needs to be based on the specific activity.
Drivers for church activities	✓	✓	Unlikely – individual decision needs to be based on the specific activity.
Church-organised driver for transporting someone to receive health, personal or social care.	V	✓	✓
Managers of anyone undertaking Regulated Activity with adults.	√	✓	✓

TABLE 4 Roles where it is unlikely that either an Enhanced Criminal Record Plus Barred List Check and an Enhanced Criminal Record Check (without Barred Information) is possible.

- If, in any of these roles, the individual works directly with children, young people or vulnerable adults, or manages somebody who does this direct work, then they should be dealt with as for Table 2 or 3 above.
- Safe working practice for these roles is important as the people carry responsibility and
 respect in the eyes of children and/or adults who are vulnerable. Caution is also needed
 to ensure that no-one moves from this type of role into closer direct working with children
 or adults who are vulnerable, without the proper safer recruitment checks being done.
- This list is not exhaustive. As this is interim guidance the lists set out here indicate the
 most likely position. Where an individual situation does not fit this norm, you should seek
 advice. This is available from (Church of England) the diocesan safeguarding adviser or
 the criminal record manager within diocesan office and (Methodist) the district
 safeguarding officer or Churches' Agency for Safeguarding.

Safeguarding adviser / officer / worker
Members of the PCC / Church Council
Safeguarding lead on PCC / Church council
Shop staff
Flower arranger
Sidesmen and women
Churchwarden
Church tour guides
Church welcome team members for services
Gardener
Verger
Server
Caretaker
Refreshment servers
Choir leader
Musical director
Organist
Choir members
Self Help: Family members or other vulnerable adults helping a leader in
providing for people who experience the same situation as themselves.